INPORTANT FROM THE SOUTH.

FOONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

wounded and taken prisoners. Our loss consists of Capt.
Clay Merriweather, of Louisians, and one private killed,
and one wounded. The enemy field in great confusion.

REOWNE ACTING IN MUNTER'S PLACE.

The Richmond Sequiver says that the Hon. William M.
Browns, Englishman, formerly editor of the New York
Journal of Commerce, is commissioned acting Secretary of
state during the temporary absence of the Hon. R. M. T.
Hunter. This confirms the report that Hunter with Breckinridge had sailed for Europe.

PAID IN COIN.

Jeff. Davis' Secretary of the Treasury announces that ter Jan. 2 interest on the funded debt of the Confederations will be paid in coin.

The Eufaia (Ala.) Spirit of the South contains a rumor hat persons in Barbour county are engaged in shipping totton from Eufaia to Columbus and thence to Apalachicoa, whence it is clandestinely conveyed to the enemy's cessels and taken to the Yankees North.

The Richmond papers say,,"Charleston was fired in several places on Sunday evening last. Several wooden buildings of but small value were destroyed."

WHAT MAGRUDER IS DOING.

General Magruder is still, according to the Richmond Dispatch, housing oxpocting an attack on the Peninsula and has removed all his sick in the bospital, and is vigilantly watching for the "Hessian hosts."

The Richmond Dipatch berates "the vampires who are sucking out the lire-blood of the nation ruled by Jeff. Davis," and doubts "if any age of the world has winessed a spectacle like that now complained of by our own soldiers, growing out of the difficulty of obtaining settlements, which has led to the establishment of offices in this city where they can go and have their claims shaved and cashed.

At Norfolk the Merrimae is in the dock and refuses of come out. It is believed that she will not float, so loaded down is she with the fixings which have been just on her to make her shot proof. The rebels are building two gunboats at the Navy Yard, and have placed armaneurs on some half dozen tug and other senall craft, formerly in the use of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal. Lieutenant Lyuch, of Dead Sea memory, is in command of the naval forces in these waters.

ARCHHISHOP HUGHES.

[From the Stainton, Va., Spectator.]

We learn from a satisfactory source that the mission of this distinguished prelate to Europe is for a contrary purpose. From a priest of the church of which Archishop Highes is the head in this coastry, and who lives beyond the limits of the Southern confederacy, the Spectator learns that the Archibishop has been deputed by a council of the "fathers" of his church to use his influence to secure the intercession of foreign Powers in behalf of peace and a recognition of the independence of the Southern confederacy.

APALACHICOLA EMPLITIES

APALACHICOLA FORTIFIED.

A letter of the 12th ult., from Apalachicola, to the Columbus Sua, contains the following:

Two thousand more men are to be stationed here.
With this force and that already here we can hold good our ground against any force the enemy may send to attack us.

We glean the following from the Columbus (Ky.) News

We glean the lonowing from
of the 18thThe military authorities of our city have laid the tariff
on spirituous liquors.
We are glad to learn that the afflicted goldiers in the
various hospitals are improving very fast; but few deaths

various hospitals are improving very fast; but few deaths of late.

The present delightful weather has enabled our troops at this point to prepare well for the winter. They have erected very comfortable huts; in fact, a majority of them are as nice and cleanly as many of the best dwelling houses in Columbus. In many of these huts are most excellent first class stoves.

Congress passed to-day, and the Fresident approved, an act supplementary to the act authorizing the issue of treasery notes, and providing a war tax for their redemption; also an act for recruiting for the service of a provisional army.

The greater portion of Greenville, Alabama, was destroyed by fire on the 17th. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

stroyed by fire on the 17th. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

The Savannah Republican of Dec. 12 says:—"A negroman on Hitton Head, the property of Gen. Brayton, seeing a number of efficers approaching a small house on the island, unobserved concealed himself underreath. The officers entered, took scats and discussed at length the events of the battle, which occurred the day previous. In the course of the conversation, the negro says, they reckened up their killed in the action, and fixed it at forty, nearly three times the Confederate loss."

The Nashville Bunner of the 19th uit, says:—Next to murder, speculation upon the country's need is the most loathsome of crimes. A really bloody out-and-out speculator of this kind should be drawn and quartered, and stewed into soup to sharpen the appetites of the man made poor by his exertions; for plenty would surely follow the extermination of the whole of them. We wouldn't recommend the diet, however, except to very healthy stomachs.

The Richmond Examinar, states that the War Denart.

low the extermination of the whole of them. We wouldn't recommend the diet, however, except to very healthy stomachs.

The Richmond Examiner states that the War Department has determined to adopt the uniform rule of refusing to accept the resignations of commissioned officers in the army, unless on evidence of disability, furnished in a surgeon's certificate, or for special reasons within the discretion of the Secretary of War.

The Howling Green correspondent of the Nashville Unit mays:—A faw days ago, Gen. Buell, formanding General of the federal troops between Green river and Louisville, by way of making amends for the labuman refusal of his officers to permit the remains of Gen. Buck, ner's little sen to have a Christian burnal at the family want as Louisville, started a flag of truce to this place and an atopic lie letter.

Dr. M. S. Thomson has been re-elected Mayor of Macon, Ga., and Jr. J. F. Boseman Mayor of Columbur.

THE PATE OF THE ERIDGE BURNERS.

A correspondent of the Nashville Patriot (rebel), writing from Knaxville, Tenu, under date of December 14, gives the following account of the hanging of the bridge burners.

On Tuesday last the execution of Charles Alexander Hann, convicted of being engaged in the recent conspira-cy to burn the bridges on the railroad in East Tennessee, took place just outside the corporation limits of the city, in the presence of a large concourse of citizens and soldiers.

took place just outside the corporation limits of the city, in the procence of a large concourse of citizens and soldiers.

After most impressive prayer for the spiritual welfare of the culprit by the Chaplain, the black cap was placed on the prisoner's head, adjusted by himself, and the rope tightened about his neck, the trap door fell—a shrick, a shudder and all was over.

The Knowlile Register, of December 13, givas the following account of another execution:—

Heavy and Jacob Harmon, father and son, of Green county, engaged in burning Lick Creek Bridge, on the East Transsnee and Virsinia Railroad, were executed here y sterday, by hanging, agreeably to sentence passed by the court martial convened by order of General Carroll. At the scaffold they stated through the Chaplain officiating that they have been not only deluded, but forced to commit the crime for which they were about to suffer by representation that unless they made this demonstration of allegiance to the Lincoln dynasty their lives and their property would be in greater jeopardy than from the Confederates. The younger Harmon stated further that his sympathies had been originally with the Confederate government, and he had at one time contemplated younteering in the Confederate army, until he was persualed and misled by the misrepresentations above stated. The apectacle of their execution was terrible enough, and should be sufficient warning to any one who may lend a too credulous ear to the falsehoods of Lincoln's emissaries, or of the tory leaders of the late Union party. Harmon the younger was executed first, while his father sat at the root of the gallows awaiting his turn to that a wfell leap from time to eternity which justice demanded. The elder Harmon is reported to have been a man of considerable property.

elder Harmon is reported to have been a man of considerable property.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

In its commercial review the Picayane notes a continued fair inquiry, during the early part of the week, "for our leading staples for future delivery (that is, deliverable in a few weeks after the blockade shall have been removed), on the basis of Sc. a 85c. for middling, cash down." There were 11,907 bales on hand, not cleaned, against 329, 550 on hand last year at the same date. Sugar is quoted from 13c. a 2c. to 65c. a 33c., according to grade. The entire receipts thus far, since September 1, have been 20,050 hides., against 40,500 dast year. Tobacco was quoted at 3c. a 45c. to 95c. a 12c. according to grade, with a stock on hand, not cleaned, of 13,275 hhds.

IMPORTANT FROM KENTUCKY.

MOVEMENTS OF THE HOSTILE ARMIES. LOUISVILLE, Jan. 4, 1862. The bridge over Green river will be completed

The rebels have retired before Colonel Garfield, in East-ern Kentucky. Colonel Garfield is advancing on Preston-

General Schoopff made several ineffectual attempts to draw Zeilicoffer from his Somerset intronchments. There is no prospect of an immediate general engagement there. All the Kentucky banks located where rebel domination prevails have been consolidated under Henry J. Lyons, formerly of Louisville, as President, who has authority so run them for the Southern confederacy.

Destructive Fire at Cortland, N. Y. CORTLAND, N. Y., Jan. 4, 1802.

One of the most destructive fires that has ever visited this village took place last evening. Fire broke out in the Eagle Hotel about half-past seven. The hotel was occu-pied and owned by lease Fairchild, and was entirely con-

pied and owned by Isaac Fairchild, and was entirely con-sumed, together with the larger portion of the furniture. All the property saved was in a damaged condition. Fair-child's lose is about \$8,000; no insurance. The fire next communicated to the harness shop owned and occupied by Henry Brewer, which was destroyed. Lose about \$2,000; no insurance. The fire next communi-cated to the cabinet shop and warehouse of McFarland & Carmichael. The building was destroyed, but the fur-

about \$4,000; insured for \$2,500. The fire was first discovered breaking out of the roof of the heigh, and it cannot be accounted for, as there was no chimney near where it was first neen, and no first in the rooms in the third story.

NEWS FROM FORTRESS MUNKUE

The Return of Two Hundred and Forty Union Prisoners.

Interesting and Enthusiastic Scenes.

NAMES OF THOSE HOMEWARD BOUND, &c.,

FORTRESS MONROS, Jan. 5, 1862. The steamer George Washington left Old Point as eleven o'clock this morning, and proceeded up James river about nine miles beyond Newport News, where the river about nine miles beyond Newport News, where the robel steamer Northampton was met with Union prisoners from Richmond. They stepped on board under the protection of the national flag as the roll of their names was called; and such happy looking men are seldem soon. Cheer after cheer arose from each boat as they approached, and the band of the Fourth artillery played "Home, Sweet Home," which added to the enthusiasm. As the boat passed Newport News the crews of the United States frigates Cumberland and Congress manned the rigging, and the troops at Camp Butler crowded the beach and the wharves and sent over the water their

The George Washington arrived here, on her return, at about half-past five o'clock, and the Baltimore boat, which was detained for the purpose, took the released prisoners to Baltimore. The number released is two ndred and forty, nearly all of whom were taken at the

battle of Bull run. Below is a correct list of the released prisoners, taker from the official copy. All those whose rank is not given are privates. W. A. Perry, whose name appears in the following, is not among the number who arrived here. John Eldridge, a shipwrecked fisherman, came in his McDonnell was one of the two hundred and forty; but he was sent via Norfolk, with Captain Shillinglaw, a few

morning. On arriving here all who needed clothing were immediately supplied by the Quartermaster's Depart

A scouting party left this place this morning, and proceeding to Big Bethel, found the place occupied by a guard of cavalry only. The place was taken possession of by the scouting party, and a goard left there.

The editor of the Richmond Dispatch, as we hear by a

passenger by a flag of truce, is now in Baltimore. A flag of truce from Norfolk this afternoon brought down over thirty passengers to go North, including a theatrical company.

The following is the only despatch in the Richmond

Disputch of yesterday — Columna, S. C., Jan. 1, 1862.

All the Yankee prisoners from Charleston, including Colonel Corcoran, arrived here this afternoon in a special train. They were met at the depot by the rebel guard of this city, and conducted to prison. NAMES OF THE RELEASED PRISONERS.

of this city, and conducted to prison.

NAMES OF THE NEW YOR.

Gerham Nobie, Co. F., The New York.

G. W. Ashley, Co. I, 24 New York.

John Anderson, Co. K., 1st Minnesota.

J. J. Biarns, Co. D., 14th New York.

James Banks, Co. I, 24 Maine.

J. T. Clague, Co. I, 24 Maine.

J. T. Clague, Co. I, 27th New York.

Andrew Carris, Co. C, 2nd Wisconsin.

W. H. Booley, Co. A, 1st Minnesota.

R. Dancanson, Co. H. United States marines.

J. H. Jerks, Sergeant, Co. F., 25th New York.

P. C. Irvine, Co. G, 2nd Maine.

Jas. Kieffer, Co. A, 1st Minnesota.

J. Locas, Co. F., Tet New York.

H. Mindamus, Co. F., 14th New York.

W. Michan, Co. G, 32th New York.

Fly Miller, Co. I, 6th Ghio.

Wm. Mitcheld, Co. F., 25th New York.

P. Matthews, Co. I, 4th Maine.

Pat, McGin, 38th New York.

G. G. Nellis, Co. B, 1st Minnesota.

W. A. Owens, Co. I, 24 Wisconsin.

W. A. Perry, Co. G, 25th New York.

C. H. Preston, Co. P, 30 Maine.

C. L. Rice, Co. A, 2d New Hampshire.

R. H., Shaft, Co. B, 8th New York.

Lyen Stremer, Co. G, 13th New York.

Lyen Stremer, Co. G, 13th New York.

Charles White, Co. I, 22 d artiflery.

Sclemon Wood, Co. G, 37th New York.

Lyen Stremer, Co. C, 12th Chio.

J. H. H. Willis, Co. I, 22 d artiflery.

Wm. Applin, Co. A, 27th New York.

L. Bailerd, Co. A, 3d Maine.

R. Burne, Nespital nurse, Co. B, 2d New York.

R. Burne, Nespital nurse, Co. B, 2d New York.

R. Burne, Nespital nurse, Co. B, 2d New York.

A. Bearre, Co. I, 2d Wisconsin.

F. Brenne, Co. I, 2d Wisconsin.

J. Borden, Co. C, 27th New York.

A. Henre, Co. D. 2d Wisconsin.
F. Brune, Co. I. 2d Wisconsin.
J. Borden, Co. C. 27th New York.
F. J. Brigge, Co. G. 27th New York.
H. J. Boyd, Co. H. 27th New York.
H. J. Brackenreed, Co. B. 2d Vermont.
A. Bensen, Co. A. 4th Michigan.
C. R. Brookins, Co. G. 4th Maine.
John Barrett, Co. A. U. S. marines.
W. H. Breeze, Co. I. 38th New York.
A. Blaney, Massachusetts Battesy.
Edwin Bond, Co. G. 27th New York.
A. H. Curnell, Co. B. 27th New York.
A. H. Curnell, Co. B. 27th New York.
A. C. A. Burnel, Co. B. 27th New York.
C. W. Dilly Co. I. 2d Wisconsin.
C. A. Burnel, Co. K. 27th New York.
Pred. Durand, Co. C. 21st New York.
O. G. Evarson, Co. K. 2d Wisconsin.

Fred. Durand, Co. C., 21st New York,
O. G. Evarson, Co. R., 24 Wheetanin,
F. Panning, Co. C., 27th New York,
P. Flarity, Co. D., 27th New York,
P. Flarity, Co. D., 27th New York,
J. C. Fowler, Co. K., 27th New York,
J. C. Fowler, Co. K., 27th New York,
A. Fenton, Co. G., 24 Whiseonsin,
J. Gregory, Sergeant, 24 Whiseonsin,
J. Graves, Co. C., 24 Vermont,
N. Gifford, Co. B., 24 Whiseonsin,
E. Gunnell, Co. K., 25 Whiseonsin,
J. M. Hawkins, Co. B., 24 Wiseonsin,
J. M. Hagadorn, Corporat, Co. F., 24 Wiseonsin,
J. M. Hagadorn, Corporat, Co. F., 24 Wiseonsin,

J. M. Hawkins, Co. B. 2d Wisconsin.
A. Henry, Co. F. 2d Wisconsin.
D. C. Holdridge, Co. H. 2d Wisconsin.
A. H. Hunt, Co. G. 27th New York.
W. Hail, Co. G. 27th New York.
Chos. H. Hunt, Co. H. 27th New York.
O. F. Jewett, Co. K. 27th New York.
O. F. Jewett, Co. K. 27th New York.
O. F. Jewett, Co. K. 27th New York.
O. H. Lewis, Bier, Co. H. 2d New Hampshire.
J. Jones, Co. D., 2d Wisconsin.
W. Johnsdo, Co. K. 12th New York.
O. H. Lewis, Bier, Co. H. 2d New Hampshire.
J. McAulay, Co. D. 27th New York.
J. Murray, Co. C. 4th Michigan.
J. McAulay, Co. D. 27th New York.
J. Murray, Co. P. 2d Vermont.
G. A. Marten, Co. E. 2d Vermont.
J. W. Morrow, Co. H. 2d New York.
Oliver Lewis, Bier, C. 2th New York.
C. L. Mudge, Co. K. 27th New York.
Oliver Maiten, Co. A. 2d Rhede Island.
C. E. Nash, Co. R. 27th New York.
Oliver Maiten, Co. A. 2d Rhede Island.
C. E. Nash, Co. R. 2th New York.
D. Olitien, Co. 6, 2d Wisconsin.
S. D. Pitcleer, Co. E. 2d Wisconsin.
S. D. Pitcleer, Co. E. 2d Wisconsin.
W. R. Robertson, Co. J. 2d Wisconsin.
W. R. Robertson, Co. J. 2d Wernont.
P. Stern, Co. B. 27th New York.
P. A. Streator, Go. C. 2d Vermont.
P. Stern, Co. B. 27th New York.
D. Shider, Cortegral, Co. F. 13th Ohio.
Chas, Shaw, Co. H. 18th New York.
W. Taylor, fifer, Co. E. 2d Wisconsin.
C. Tucker, Co. P. 12th New York.
D. Tucker, Co. P. 2th New York.
P. Samith, Co. E. 2d Vermont.
P. Stern, Co. B. 27th New York.
P. Stern, Co. B. 27th New York.
P. A. Streator, Go. C. 2d Vermont.
P. Stern, Co. B. 27th New York.
P. A. Brayhor, Go. C. 5th New York.
P. A. Brayhor, Go. C. 5th New York.
P. A. Panshford, Co. F. 13th Ohio.
Chas, Shaw, Co. H. 18th New York.
P. Mayney, Go. G. 7th New York.
P. Bashford, Co. F. 18th New York.
P. H. Lowe, Co. A. 7th New York.
P. H. Hedge, Co. B. 38th New York.
P. H. Hedge, Co. B. 38th New York.
P. H. Hedge, Co. G. A. 1th New York.
P. H. Hedge, Co. G. A. 1th New York.
P. H. Hedge, Co. G. 2d Maine.
J. W. Carnalish, Co. P.

Massick, Co. E. DeKalb regiment, New York.
John Hind, Co. C. 38th New York.
R. G. Bickford. Co. P. 4th Maine.
W. H. Pollard, Co. G. 2d Maine.
W. H. Pollard, Co. G. 2d Maine.
W. H. Moulton, Sergeant Co. D. 3d Connecticut.
M. White, United States infantry.
W. H. Merrili, Sergeant Co. E. 27th New York.
A. B. Smith, Co. G. 14th New York.
M. Seibert, Co. I., 6th Ohio.
B. L. Blouk, Sergeant Co. A. 4th New York.
J. Smith, Co. C. 15th Minnesota.
W. McLaren, Co. I., 71st New York.
Jas. Pratt, Co. C. 2d Wisconsin.
J. B. Stail, Orderly Sergeant, 18th New York.
O. B. Wood, Co. K., 5th Maine.
R. O. Fife, Corporal, Co. C. 2d Vermont.
C. W. Fairfield, Co. D., 38th New York.
D. Blanchard, Co. H., 11th Massachusetts.
E. Sweeney, Co. G., 36th New York.
H. Williams, Sergeant, Co. C., 12st Minnesota.
J. A. Cowbern, Co. K. 38th New York.
J. H. Hrower, Co. E. 11th New York.
J. H. Hrower, Co. E. 11th New York.
J. H. Hrower, Co. E. 11th New York.
C. S. McCabe, hospital steward, 4th Maine
R. Davidson, Co. I., 79th New York.
H. D. Perkins, Co. G., 1st Rhode Island.
L. Christog, 1st artillery.
E. A. Mellen, Sergeant, Co. C., 20th Massachusetts.
Jas. Thomas, Co. I., 78th New York.
J. S. Thomas, Co. I., 78th New York.
W. T. Williamson, 14th New York.
A. Keller, 38th New York.
P. Kelly, Co. H., 13th New York.
W. S. Noyes, Hospital Steward, 1st Minnesota.
P. R. Lunne, Engineer, 69th New York.
W. S. Noyes, Hospital Steward, 1st Minnesota.
James Reed, Sergeant, Co. C., 7th New York.
W. S. Millers, Sch. Rew York.
W. S. Mollens, Co. F., 38th New York.
W. S. Spalding, Co. C., 38th New York.
W. S. Millers, Co. F., 2d Wisconsin.
— Merrist, Co. G., 27th New York.
W. S. Spalding, Co. C., 38th New York.
W. S. Millers, Co. F., 2d Maine.
J. H. Hart, Co. B., 38th New York.
W. H. Haback, Co. F., 2d Maine.
J. Healer, Hospital Steward, 1st Minnesota.
J. Halback, Co. F., 2d Maine.
J. M. Carriet, Co. C., 20th New York.
W. L. Emery, C

W. E. Murphy, Corperal, Co. A, 2d Vermont.
J. Clark, Co. C, 14th New York.
F. Haefer, Hospital Nurse, Co. C, 35th New York.
F. W. Lacey, Co. F, 2d New York.
J. D. Torrey, Co. F, 11th Massachussets.
C. Porter, Co. H, 4th Maine.
W. Fielding, Co. F, 38th New York.
Joseph Brooks, 2d Rhodo Island Battery.
W. K. Edgar, Co. G, 11th Massachusetts.
S. Crymble, Co. 5, 75th New York.
W. Eados, Co. H, 11th Massachusetts.
C. H. McManus, Co. E, 75th New York.
John Waite, Co. C, 75th New York.
D. Wares, Co. C, 75th New York.
D. Wares, Co. C, 75th New York.
J. Farley, Co. H, 2d New Hempshire.
L. Farley, Co. H, 2d New Hempshire.
L. Farley, Co. H, 2d New York.
Jas, Glilett, Engineer, 71st New York.
Ches, L. Chapman, Co. B, 7th Ohio.

The Released Union Prisoners in Balti-

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4, 1862. The released Union prisoners were entertained by the Union Relief Association this forenoon. It is expected that they will go to Washington this afternoon

NEWS FROM GEN. BANKS' ARMY.

CELEBRATION OF NEW YEAR'S DAY-THE SKIRMISH NEAR POINT OF ROCKS, ETC.

FREDERICK, Jan. 2, 1862. This pleasant little city yesterday welcomed the advent of a new year in a spirited and very agreeable style. The presence of a large number of military efficers and a general suspension of business, which enabled all clarses to ionable appearance than ever witnessed by the "oldest inhabitant." The mensions of the more wealthy portion and mildle classes were thrown open to all, and a suc-cession of "calls" consumed the foreneon. The officers residing in town were not behind in tendering the hospitalities of the occasion to their less fortunate brothe sunlight in every street, and greetings were as cordia

and happy as a reunion of lovers.

At noon the tide which before bad been eddying and whiching in all directions set in toward the headquarters of General Banks, and at present the residence of his accomplished indy. Every mansion poured into the general stream its tribute of manhood, beauty and youth.

From midday t'll dark the stream continued towards and from headquarters. The visiters were received with the greatest cordiality by general Banks, who introduced them to his queenlike lady. Thence they were excerted to the adjoining refreshment room. None but a very few of the most perfidious "Southern rights" citizens failed to avail themselves of the opportunity to visit the General. The excellent band of the Second Massachu setts regiment discoursed sweet and patriotic music. The full staff were present in the reception room, and, ike the General himself, arrayed in full military dress. The day and its festivities will long be remembered by

sylvania regiment, Captain W. L. Foulk, and the regisystems regiment, captain w. L. Fount, and the regimental band, came in from the camp three miles distant, and paid their New Year's respects to their Captain and his lady, who is temporarily in this city. After partaking of his hospitality, they marched through the principal streets, paying a musical tribute to many prominent citizens, by whom they were cordially received. On arriving at the Dill House they found a sumptuous repast prepared for them, by order of Captain Foulk. After dimer and a dress parade they returned to camp. This was the only corps, with the exception of the provost guard, seen in the streets during the day.

The best of order prevailed. While all were cheerful

and happy, not a single instance of disorder or intoxica-tion was noticed by your correspondent. This, in a great measure, was owing to the excellent arrangements of Colonel Ruger, Provost Marchal, and the watchful energy

of his guard, the Wisconsin Third.

Official advices from Williamsport show the necessity of making some correction of the previous statement in regard to the affair of Tuesday on the railroad. Detachments of the Thirteenth Massachusetts and the First Maryland participated in the repulse and rout of the rebel forces. Our men picked up and buried twenty-nine of the enemy, and it is supposed many afterwards died from their wounds. Our loss is reported by private sources to have been five wounded and nine killed.

At Berlin, above the Point of Rocks, an affair occurred on the 31st which shows the necessity of extreme cau-

The War in the Indian Country.
REPORTED DEFEAT OF THE TEXANS AND HALF
BRIEDS, AND DEATH OF TWO REBEL LEADERS. LEAVENWORTH, Jun. 4, 1862. Reports from the Indian country show that the war has fairly begun between the loyal Indians against the Texans and rebel half breeds. In a fight in the Cherokee country it is reported that Cooper, a Texan general, and McIntosh, leader of the rebel half breeds, were killed.

The loss of the loyal Indians was fourteen. Movements of Hon. Alfred Ely.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 4, 1862. Hon. Alfred Ely, representative from this Congressional district, arrived home to-day. He was met at Clyde by a committee of citizens of Rochester. At Ciyde, Palmyra and other points on the railroad large crowds were gathered, who cheered Mr. Ely as he passed. In this city flags were flying from all the masts and there was a gene-ral expression of joy at Mr. Ely's return. At the depot a large crowd was collected, and the appearance of Mr. Hy on the platform of the cars was the signal for the most appearious cheering. Mr. Ely was presented to Mayor Nash, who made a speech of welcome, to which Mr. Ely briefly and effectively replied. He then entered a carriage and was driven to his residence, accompanied by Mrs. Ely, who met him in New York, the Mayor and Rev. Dr. Claxton. As the carriage was driven through the streets Mr. Ely was warmly greeted by his many friends. He will remain here a few days, and then proceed to Washington and take his seat in Congress.

The Weather at Montreal. The weather during the past two days has been very evere. The thermometer last night was 15 degrees be-

.....tutututu.... News from Central and South America.

REVOLUTION IN LA PAZ.

GREAT SCARCITY OF PROVISIONS. FRAUDS ON THE PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT.

PLIGHT OF YANES.

SOUTH AMERICAN COAL MINES, &c..

The steamship Northern Light arrived at this port yes terday morning from Aspinwall, bringing the passengers, mails and specie that left San Francisco in the mail steamer of the 11th plt.

The Northern Light left Aspinwall at three P. M. on the 25th of December, with \$710,842 28 in specie.

Among the passengers by the Northern Light was Gen.

James Shields, whose invaluable services during the
Mexican war are fresh in the American mind. He comes to the North to accept the post of Brigadjer General of Volunteers, and will proceed to Washington without delay. He is at present the guest of Hon. Judge Daly, of

The following is the

SPECIE LIST OF THE NORTHERN LIGHT.

Amer. Exch. Bank. 18,000 Coigate & Hoffman. 4,182
P. Naylor 10,000 Order. 12,000
J. Heller. 5,000 M. Felhiverra & Co. 1,100
Jos. Patrick. 30,000 R. H. Hoadley. 1,000
Duncan, Sher'n & Co. 46,348 Linden & Kingaley. 300
E. H. Grant. 2,000 W. S. Corwing & Co. 420
J. B. Nowton. 25,559 Samuel White. 500
J. Strauss, Bro. & Co. 30,159 Amer. Exch. Bank.. P. Naylor..... J. Heiler..... Jos. Patrick.....

NEWS FROM NEW GRANADA.

Our Panama Correspondence. PANAMA, Dec. 25, 1861.

Christmas Day in Panama is celebrated much as the Fourth of July is at home—that is, by the firing of guns, crackers, squibs and pistols; by ringing of bells, drinking strong punches and bad rum; and the night ushers in rockets, dances, balis and fandangoes, "the whole performance," as the actors say, concluding with fights, a few black eyes, a snap in the police quarters and an awful headache for next morning. And from the looks of things this morning there will be no innovation on the old castom this anniversary of the birth of our Saviour. The mail, with news from Bogota and the interior, will not be due till January 4; so I have only some local items to report. . The topic of conversation and discussion the last two

days has been the minfortune of Mosquera's agent, Senor Manuel de Jesos Quijano, in losing some \$20,000 worth of arms and money destined for the support of the govern-ment cause in the neighboring State of Cauca. By the late convention at Colon Letween Gov. Guardia, of Panamany and bound and account conversage in the name of the support of the consisted of Government. The consisted of Government are not consisted of Government and precession costs, &c., and were table, species of the year of the cost of government. The consisted of Government and Frequency of the Cogleme, which is the consisted of Government and frequency of the Cogleme, which is the consisted of Government and frequency of the Cogleme, which is the consistent of Government and frequency of the Cogleme of the Cog ma, and Senor Morillo, agent of Mosquera, all the arms and monitions of war belonging to the federal govern-ment in this State were to be given up to the general go vernment. These consisted of 600 excellent musicets, a large lot of powder, ball and percussion caps, &c., and were taken possession of by Mr. Quijano, who

sait till January I.

The Panama Railroad Company's steemer Columbus, due here en the 22d, has not yet arrived. We begin to fear she may have met with some accident.

Lieutenant Commanding J. J. Hoyle, for two years past commander of the storeship Warren, at Panama, goes home on this steamer, having been relieved.

NEWS FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

PANAMA, Dec. 25, 1861. The British mail steamship from Valparaise and inter-mediate ports arrived at Fanama on Sunday, 22d instant. Her dates are from Valparaise to the 2d, Bolivia to the 6th, and Lima and Callao to the 14th December.

The elections for the Congress of Quito were favorable to the government, "for the reason," says a paper of the opposition, "that the tyranny of Garcia Moreno and Flores admitted of no other result."

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTHERS LICHT | war with Peru, notwithstanding that the latter Power has no fleet with which to common the Ecuadorian ports nor to transport an army to Gusyaquil. The cost of Gusyaquil is being strengthened to meet any attack that may be made upon it, and orders are issued for the whole available male population to hold themselves in readiness for war. Susinges, of course, under such a state of things, is very dull and unremtherative.

President Castilla, who spends over twenty millions of dollars a year, without having anything to show for it in the way of improvement in the country, finds himself unable to contract a loan of four millions of dollars, for unable to contract a loan of four millions of dollars, for his present necessities, the British guano agents having peremptorily refused to make any further advance on guano. The total cossation of the demand for the United States resulting from the Southern rehelilion, and the fact that European markets have three years' supply of the article on hand, are not very encuraging features to a spendthrift government that has relied almost wholly upon the guano bids for its maintenance. So, if President Castilla does not attack Bolivia or Ecusdor, it will not be so much from a lack of disposition to do so on his part as from a scarcity of the sinews of war.

or Ecuador, it will not be so much from a lack of disposition to do so on his part as from a scarcity of the sinews of war.

The Lima papers are full of the celebrations of the anniversary of the battle of Ayacucho, the loss of which unfortunately gave to Spanish-America the right to ruin itself, without let or bindrance from Oid Spain.

It is now said, positively, that General San Roman is elected President of Poru, and that the electoral colleges will so decide in January. This, however, will by no means settle the question, if General Castilla should wish to hold on to the reins of government. San Roman, it is true, is at the head of six thousand or seven thousand men in the South, sent there by Castilla to keep the turbulent people of that section quiet, and, if he is not led to trust too much to the good faith of Castilla, will keep them till he is firmly seated in the chair of state.

The wife of ex-Fredient Echenique is gallantly fighting the cause of her husband with Castilla and his ministers, by public protest against his late expulsion from the republic. She pitches into "Oid Roote" in a most savage manner, calling him tyrant, dictator, &c., &c., and, strange to say, it all finds its way into the government papers; for amid all the despotism of Castilla and his crew, the press is left free to say what it will. However, this may arise from the fact that very few people, read newspapers in Fern—Lima, with its population of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, not paying each moraing for more than five hundred copies from the public press.

In Ariquipa, one of the largest cities in Peru, provi-

In Ariquipa, one of the largest cities in Peru, provisions are growing very scarce, owing to the large army kept there by Castilla to control the elections and put down revolution. Wheat was selling at \$19 per fanaga, and flour at \$15 per cwt.

An extensive ceal mine had been discovered near Ariquipa, which promised to be of great benefit, as all sorts of combustibles are always scarce in that part of the country.

of combustibles are always scarce in that part of the country.

A Lima correspondent writes that the government is so hard up it cannot ray its civil list, and is resorting to all sorts of dodges to raise the wind. Paz Soldan was recently sent to Europe to negotiate a lean, but entirely failed.

cently sont to Europe to negotiate a lean, but entirely failed.

An attempt is being made by Castilla to get up a "South American League," of which he would like to be the Boliver. Anosher correspondent from the same place, speaking of Peru, says, under date of 14th uitimo:—A large portion of her rich inheritance has been squandered, and thereby recklessess and iddeness engendered. She is now poor, her soil is untilled, her reads are in a miserable condition, and she is undentably worse off than though guane had never existed within her borders.

Arrangements are now being made to raise the frigate Caliae. The party, nine in number, with whom the contract has been made, are to receive one hundred thousand dollars in American cein when they float her. They have four pumps, each capable of discharging fifty barres ber minute, and have also suction caps for closing the portholes; so it is to be hoped the work will soon be accomplished.

poi-hod.

Great trouble is experienced in the silver coin of Forn, there being nothing now in circulation but the base Polivan mency, worth about seventy cents on the dollar; and change in Lima is now made by each petty store, keeper issuing copper coin about the size of a half cent to represent dimes—a sort of shinglaster system, very amoying and very e stly to strang r, as those issued at one store are generally repudiated at the other.

One of the American contractors arrested on the 2d of July, on charge of complicity in counterfeiting Bolivian coin, was on the 11th ult. acquitted, and obtained his release.

On the 23d of November, at three o'clock in the morning, a revolution broke out in La Paz against President cha, who was absent. The movement was led by Colone Balza, who commanded a battalion, and who attacked and momentarily defeated another battalion stationed in the city. Palza did not proclaim any one in the place of Acha; but it was presumed the movement was made in concert with one by General Fernandez, in Potosi, one of

of the State, and is expected to return here to-morrow morning. He is accompanied by his daughter.

Boy. G. T. Ryder and wife, of Poughkeepsie; B. B. Williams, of Georgetown, D. C.; Robert Kershaw, of Philadelphia; David L. Haight and Adam D. Logan, of New York, are stopping at the Clarendon Hotel.

Captain Crowninshield, A. M. Seymour, Licutemant Rice and B. Carter, of the United States Army; J. Hoy, of Baltimore; T. Glentworth and wife, of Philadelphia; B. T. Watson and wife, of Massachusetts, and R. M. Lawrence, of Beston, are stopping at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Dr. Sanborn, of Belmont; William Kelly, of Rhinebeck; J. B. Carter and wife, of Boston; W. S. Corning, of Albany; H. S. Washburn, of Worcester; M. Howland and party, of New Bedford; C. Walton and wife, of Troy, and H. M. Caldwell, of the United States Army, are stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Major Thompson, Lieut. J. Haycock, and W. G. Saltonstall, of the United States Army; G. M. Ranson, J. Boyle, and E. Mellach, et the United States Navy; J. V. Brown, of St. Louis; C. W. Pierce, and A. Wolcott, of Boston, and J. Williams, of Nevada Territory, are stopping at the Astor House.

Brigadier General Barry, United States Army; Mrs.

Astor House.

Brigadier General Barry, United States Army; Mrs. Barry; Capt. Saymour, of Washington; R. Caeson, H. B. M. Mail Agent; Cel. H. Hunt, United States Army; Mrs. Baldwin, of Syracuses; Edw. Garcia, D. Garcia, of Valparraiso, and C. P. Hemneway, of Chile, are among the arrivals at the Everett House.

Panama, Dec. 25, 1861.

The British mail steamship from Velparaiso and intermediate ports arrived at Panama on Sunday, 23d instant. Her dates are from Velparaiso to the 2d, Bolivia to the 5th, and Lima and Callao to the 14th December.

ECUADOR.

The elections for the Congress of Culto were favorable to the government, "for the reason," says a paper of the government, "for the reason," says a paper of the poposition, "that the tyranny of Garcia Moreno and Fiore admitted of no other result."

The government and people seem to expect immediate

Panama, Dec. 25, 1861.

Americans registered at Gun & Co.'s American' Agency and Reading Room, No. 10 Strand, London, W. C. a. England, for the week ending December 14, 1861.—W. H. "mman, S. J. Ingraham; J. C. Water, S. Richardson, H. Leton, J. Gosling and wife L. Gosling, New York; W. S. Welsh, "alladelphia; J. Ritchie and G. Roxby, Boston, H. Watkins and John O. Beonson, M. D., New York; Rev. G. W. Bosworth, Po. Tland, Mo.; E. Harding, Burlington, Vt.; W. W. Suyder, In Cokville, Ind.; E. A. Raymond, Rosion; A. Cendres, Cincinnati, O; A. G. Goodall, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and G. Roxby, Boston; A. Cendres, Cincinnati, O; A. G. Goodall, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and G. W. Bosworth, Po. Tland, Mo.; E. Harding, Burlington, Vt.; W. S. Syder, In Cokville, Ind.; E. A. Raymond, Rosion; A. Cendres, Cincinnati, O; A. G. Goodall, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and G. W. Bosworth, Po. Tland, Mo.; E. Harding, Burlington, Vt.; W. S. Syder, In Cokville, Ind.; E. A. Raymond, Rosion; A. Cendres, Cincinnati, O; A. G. Goodall, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and G. W. Bosworth, Po. Tland, Mo.; E. Harding, Burlington, Vt.; W. S. Syder, In Cokville, Ind.; E. A. Raymond, Rosion; A. Cendres, Cincinnati, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and G. W. Bosworth, Po. Tland, Mo.; E. Harding, Burlington, Vt.; W. S. Syder, In Cokville, Ind.; E. A. Raymond, Rosion; A. Cendres, Cincinnati, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and G. W. Bosworth, Po. Tland, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and G. W. Bosworth, Po. Tland, Philadelphia; J. Ritchie and

FIRST SATURDAY'S SKATING ON CENTRAL PARK.

Pitty Thousand Persons on the Ico-One in Every Tell a Lady-The Break Freezing Up-Police Regulations for Rescuing Persons Who Pall Through the Ico-Skating in Brooklyn, Wil-liamsburg, Jersey City, Outside States, Canada, &c.

Camada, &c. Yesterday was the first fine fashionable day for skal Yesterday was the first fine fashionable day for skating that we have had this season, and well appreciated it was by our numerous skating friends. The weather was very still, but a steady frost was plainly perceptible—a frost that made the ice hard, but, aithough it chilled the toes, ingers and noses of those on the ice, did not bite into the marrow of the bones, as is generally the case when the cold wind blows. The sun shone brightly, but

not too warm. Altogether it was a pleasant day.

The number of persons who visited the ice of the Central
Park yesterday was estimated at about fifty thousand.

At least one in ten of these were ladies, and prettily they
lock in the new and fashionable skating dresses, their hair hanging in ringlets or neatly braided up under a charming skating hat and feathers. Some of these hats ornamented by a waving plume partly fastened by a bright buckle to the side of the hat, and still others were decorated with ribbons. But the greatest ornaments of all were the rosy checks But the greatest ornaments of all were the rosy checks and sparkling, animated eyes that peeped from under the hats. A healthy glow, combined with one of pleasure, appeared on each countenance, and many a merry laugh resounded over the field of ice, especially when their male companions measured their lengths upon its surface. It was a pleasant sight to helpful, and a still classification. was a pleasant sight to behold, and a still pleasanter one

to participate in.

We are pleased to find that the ladies have gotten over the habit of wearing long, trailing dresses while upon skutes. Not one-half the mishaps occurred yesterday by ladies falling that were to be observed last season. They seem to have decided to have a clear field how and no favor. Speaking of clear fields, the ladies have the use of the whole surface of the ice, there being no especial ladies' pond, and as a general thing it is considered an improvement upon last year. The ladies can skate now from the Oak Bridge to the Terrace, and nothing is thought of it. while last season, if a lady stepped from outside of her reserve she was an object of curiosity. The whole thing

now works well.
One lady yesterday caused a number of skaters to stop in their rapid course to observe her graceful movements in their rapid course to observe her graceful movements on her runners. Not only was she swift in her flight-but as she performed "the roll" also moved with as much case as a ship in the swell of the sea. She may be said to inve been the belie of the pond. This lady was Miss Morris. Another lady, in a blue skating dress and black poliese, also moved with much grace and hal many admirors. Our reporter did not learn her name. Three young ladies, apparently companions, also skated very prettily. Their names are Miss F. Greighton, Miss Lizzle Waternam and Miss Lizzle Marshish, the last from Newark, N. Y. One little girl, dressed in an ermine cape, with her little siter, both scarcely ten years old, excited no little wonder by their proficiency. A lady with a parasol—a queer thing to use on ice—excited some attention, and there were many others that we might particularize did our space permit.

Among the gentlemen were some in military uniforms, many of the patterns of which were unknown to the generality of the visiters, and did not seem to belong to a recognized force. Two skating gentlemen caused a little furor by their eccentricities on their skates. All we could learn of them was that they were "Tim and me?" and "Tim and me?" and set the same time. Bautlers these gentlemen will appear again on the ice during the season.

Being a heiday from school, the beys were there in goodly numbers, and for a wonder behavel themselves with great decreum. The boys are improving rapidly both in skating and manuera. Occasionally, if they saw a gentleman who did not seem to know whether it would be better to set on the ice or keepon his feet, they would ejaculate similar expressions to one we heard yesterday, "Moly Hoses, there's a skater, ham't you better go herm," Re. But it was said in a manner less impertinent than heretofore, and was taken in good part.

The break in the ice began closing rapidly vesterday, and should the wind keep still we may expect to see it nearly solid to-day. A great portion of space was reclaimed fr on her runners. Not only was she swift in her flight, but as she performed "the roll" she moved with as much

A number of skaters were present during the early morning; but when the table nables arrived they soon moved up higher. The curlers used their portion of the key yesterday, and kept up the sport till long after durk, using lasterns as guides for their strukes.

The number of carring salong the Drive, Circle, &c., was considered larger than at any time of last season. The official returns of the number did not reachus in time for this article.

Bookman and the neighboring ponds were nearly descried, except by a few rough boys who did not like the

police reserve of the Pack.

THE BROOKLYN FOND.

The attendance of ladies on the pond of the Washington Skating Club is increasing so fast that new buildings have to be erected for their convenience. The lighting up at night has been improved upon, but is not yet up to the mark. The only drawback to the success of this enterprice is the dust that arises from the extention of Fourth avenue. The Executive Committee ought to device some means to prevent the dust from spoiling the ice. Doubtless, if the new roadway was sprinkled occasionally during the day, the nuisance might be obvisted. The President, Mr. Oatman, who takes great interest in the proper working of the club, should see to this.

The surrounding outside ponds are much used by those who do not belong to the club. A large number were present yesterday.

who do not belong to the club. A large number were present yesterday.

The members of the Union Skating Club are in full trim, and a number of ladies were present during yesterday to participate in and watch their movements. The Williams-burgers seem determined to make their pond as much a furor as the Central Park.

JERSEY CITY.

Lincoln Park has been much patronized by the respectable portion of that vicinity. A small fee (ten cents) being charged for admittance keeps it select, and the proceeds are spent in lighting up the pond, sweeping the ice, creeting booths, &c. The area is entirely fenced in and kept in good order.

PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

The skating season opened in Providence on the 31st uitt, under the auspices of the Providence Skating Clob. The ice field selected was the south end of Mashapang; the ice was in good condition and safe. The wind, however, has been for some time a serious drawback, and but few were a tirst induced to participate in the sport. It has, however, been more successful since the opening of the new year.

TORONTO, C. W.

new year.

TORONTO, C. W.

The skating season may be said to have commenced, not withstanding the unprecedentedly mild winter lately chicyed. Hundreds of skaters, including many of the feir sex, flock daily to the Don river and Ashbridge's Bay, where the ice is very smooth and perfectly safe. Toronto Bay is also very largely patronized.

perfectly sate. Toronto Bay is also very largely patronized.

QUESBEC, C. E.

The new Skating Rink, outside St. Lewis Gate, of Quebec, has been completed and was opened on the 31st ult., at eleven o'clock. A. M. It was also lighted up in the evening from seven to eleven o'clock. A large number of persons enjoyed skating, not being apparently very much afraid of an attack from the Yankees. They expect a good skating season.

MISCELLANEOUS. BARGAINS IN TEAS, GROCERIES, FLOUR AND

TEAS, GROCERTES, FLUR AND PROVISIONS.

1,300 bbls. Flour, at \$6.5) per bbl.
10,000 Hams, elty cured, at \$3.6.
10,000 Hams, elty cured, at \$3.6.
10,000 Shandlers, elty cured, ac.
10,000 bcs. Cheese, Sc. a \$4.6.
10,00 bcs. Cheese, Sc. a \$4.6.
10,00 bcs. Sc. at \$6.6.
10,00 bcs. Starch, pure, \$5.6.
10,0

house. THOMAS R. AGNEW, 200 Greenwich street, occupies his own store, owns the property, and has to rent pay; imports and hays exclusively for each—never gave a note in his life; superintends his own business from sixteen to eighteen hours every day the year round; consequently he can undersell any grocer in New York. Give him a call, at 200 Greenwich street and 39 Murray street. Goods delivered free.

THE PROPLE'S PROVISION COMPANY,

A. PARKER & CO., Buying Agents,

A. PARKER & CO., Buying Agents,

255 Washington street, moutheast corner of Murray street,

New York

PRICE LIST.

Choice City Smoked Hams.

50,

Pure lard.

50,

Pure lard.

50,

Pure lard.

50,

Pure lard.

50,

Pure starch.

60,

Best Family Soap.

60,

Best Family Soap.

60,

Best Family Soap.

61,

Butter

Teas retailed at wholesale prices.

Spices of all kinds, Cream Tartar, Basing Sods, &c., &c., at equally low prices. Call and save money.

Priscipal depois. 255 Washington street, New York: 49

Myrn. a syamne, 134 Falion attent, 422 Fulton areane and 116

Gourt s. vest. Brooklyn; 38 Newark avenue, erroy City.

Agencies, will be established in every ward in the err and large towns it. the country as soon as the right persece with the necessary ca. (a) can be found.

CHILL SHAME AND ADDRESS.